United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For HCRS use only received JUN 7 1382 date entered

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms
Type all entries—complete applicable sections

Type all entries—complete a	pplicable se	ctions	232 C. 200 C.		
1. Name					
historic Wheeler-Merriam	House (pr	eferred)			
and/or common Elm Brook	Farm				
2. Location					
street & number 477 Vir	ginia Road			N,	A not for publication
city, town Concord		N/A	vicinity of	congressional district	5th
state Massachusetts	code	025	county	Middlesex	code 017
3. Classificat	ion				
Category Ownership district public building(s) private structure both object N/A in proce being co		Accessil X yes:	cupied in progress	Present Use X agriculture x commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park x private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Owner of P	roper	ty			
name Markey Realty					
street & number 477 Virgin	IIa Road	N/A	ricinity of	Sale	MA.
5. Location o	f I ona			state	PPC.
		I Des	Cripti	011	
courthouse, registry of deeds,	etc. Mide	dlesex C	ourthouse		
street & number	Caml	bridge S	treet		
city, town	Caml	bridge		state	MA.
6. Representa	ation i	n Exi	isting	Surveys	
, Inventory of the of the Commonwe	e Historic alth #89	Assets	has this pro	operty been determined el	egible?yes _x_no
date 1980				federal _X_sta	tecountylocal
depository for survey records	Massachu	isetts H	istorical	Commission	
city, town Boston				state	Ma.

7. Des	cription	Wheeler-Merr	iam House, 477 Virg	inia Road, Concord	
Condition excellent good fair	deteriorated ruins unexposed	Check one unaltered _X_ altered	Check oneX original site moved date	NA	

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Wheeler-Merriam House is an early colonial house located in the rural eastern section of Concord. The property contains 35 acres of land straddling Virginia Road on the southwest side of Pine Hill, one of the highest in town. Elm Brook runs north/south across Virginia Road, the house is surrounded by stone walls, farm land, orchards, and woods. A large barn is located across the road from the house.

The house is 2 1/2 stories high with a central chimney and rear leanto; its wooden frame is sheathed in clapboard and rests on a stone foundation. Attached to the original structure are a one-story porch on the east side and a small gabled ell of one story on the northwest corner; both date from the 20th century. The traditional five-bay facade of the building is asymmetrically arranged.

Ornamentation is generally lacking in the Wheeler-Merriam House, as exemplified by its plain flat architraves and narrow cornice molding. The facade, however, retains elements of one bold, decorative element in its second story facade windows, which are surmounted by very prominent molded cornices. The entire facade and east elevations once featured these cornices, which are attributed to housewright Abner Wheeler.

The east and west elevations of the house are regularly ordered, the only alteration being a simple porch running the length of the east side. Its plain square posts, spanned by rectangular balusters, support a flat roof. The north (rear) elevation has experienced several alterations, most notably the addition of two shed dormers and a gabled ell.

In plan, the Wheeler-Merriam House features three major rooms (two front and one rear) grouped about a central chimney and stairway. The most important surviving woodwork on the interior remains in the entry stair, west parlor, and parlor chamber above. The woodwork in the latter two areas dates probably to the 2d and 3d quarters of the 18th century; the triple run stair is characteristic of the 1st or 2d quarter of the 18th century. Among the most notable interior details are boxed posts and summer beams; ovolo molded, feather-edged paneling; heavy bolection molding around one of the fireplaces; and an unusual "lambs tongue" treatment of corners in the west parlor. The leanto -- although integral in form -- was apparently added, or at least rebuilt, around the turn of the 19th century. An architectural analysis of the house was made in 1980 by the Society for the Preservation of New England Antiquities, providing the basis of understanding its physical form. As it presently stands, the Wheeler-Merriam House has been altered somewhat from its 19th century appearance. Several changes reportedly occurred as a result of a ca. 1904 fire. Principal exterior alterations include the removal of a 1 1/2 story ell and shed built onto the east end of the house; the addition of a porch along that end; and the removal of the projecting cornices from the door and windows on the first floor facade and on the east elevation.

On the south side of Virginia Road is a large barn dating probably from the late 19th century. The wood frame structure has a gable roof, a large rectangular doorway centered on its facade, irregular 6/6 windows, a small ventilator, and plain fascia and corner boards. Running perpendicular to this main structure is a similar but smaller ell, and attached to that is a long, low carriage shed.

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1700–1799 1800–1899 1900–	Areas of Significance—C — archeology-prehistoric — X archeology-historic — X agriculture — X architecture — art — commerce — communications	heck and justify below community planning conservation economics education engineering xexploration/settlement industry invention	landscape architecture law literature military music philosophy politics/government	e religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1692	Builder/Architect NA		

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Wheeler-Merriam House retains integrity of location, design, materials, workmanship and setting. It is significant (1) as a representation of Concord's historic development, (2) for its associations with the prominent Wheeler and Merriam families, in particular a local housewright, and (3) as an interesting and well-preserved example of stylistic evolution, from the 18th and 19th centuries. The property thus meets criteria A, B, A and C of the National Register.

Sargeant Thomas Wheeler (m. Sarah Merriam, 1648) was the first family member prominent in Concord. Active in civic affairs, in 1653, Wheeler was appointed an overseer of Concord's second division of land in the east quarter, and in 1665 he was appointed with William Hartwell to lay out the road to Woburn. By 1690 Wheeler was a prosperous landowner with 13 children, of which all the sons were provided with property. Tradition dates the Wheeler-Merriam House to 1692, as a wedding present for Thomas's son Timothy at his marriage to Lydia Wheeler. Timothy, like his father, prospered as a landowner and farmer, and was one of the town's wealthiest citizens in his time. The house was subsequently occupied by Timothy Jr. (1696-1782), by a nephew, Abner Wheeler (1745-1820), and by Abner's daughter and son-in-law, Lucy and Joseph Merriam.

The Algeo family occupied the Wheeler-Merriam House ca. 1865 until well into the 20th century, operating a large dairy farm and orchard known as Pine Hill Farm. Since the 1960s the property has been used for a riding school and stable, renamed Elm Brook Farm.

Architecturally, the Wheeler-Merriam House seems characteristic of houses built in the latter part of the first quarter or early part of the second quarter of the 18th century. Some features, (such as the butterfly hinges on a batten door), suggest that parts of an earlier structure may be incorporated in the present structure.

Regardless of its original construction date, however, the importance of this house lies in the quality of its woodwork and in its possible attribution to a known builder. Most of the visible surfaces of the interior and exterior joinery probably date to the second and third quarters of the 18th century. The fact that some of the later 18th century woodwork may be attributed to Abner Wheeler (1745-1820) a cabinetmaker and builder, enhances the architectural historical importance of the house. Abner Wheeler, together with Reuben Bryant, was responsible for the rebuilding of Concord's 1710 meetinghouse in 1791.

The Wheeler-Merriam property should be considered to contain archaeological deposits and features representing continuous historic occupation and land usage in the late 17th century. Traces of structural features and artifact concentrations relating to earlier outbuildings, sheds, lean-to, and well can probably be found through careful archaeological investigation in and around the main house. Excavation of these deposits could

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received U.N. 7, 1982 date entered

Continuation sheet

Wheeler-Merriam House

Item number

8

Page

2

provide an assemblage of materials associated with 17th, 18th and 19th century domestic and farm activities. The analysis of early materials would be useful in supplementing scanty documentary accounts of early American domestic life and customs.

Located along the route of an historic Indian trail now known as Virginia Road, the Wheeler-Merriam property may contain archaeological remains associated with prehistoric and/or historic Indians' use of the area. Several prehistoric sites have been identified to the south of the property along Elm Brook, a tributary of the Concord River, which was a major focus of prehistoric occupation of the region. Additionally, a large mortar (grinding stone) was discovered on top of Pine Hill to the north of the house, suggesting that other artifactual deposits may exist within the property. Survey, excavation and analysis of prehistoric or historic Indian archaeological loci on the property could provide information important to understanding the settlement and subsistence systems of groups who inhabited the Concord-Sudbury-Assabet River drainage before the European settlers.

9. Ma	jor Bibli	ographica	I Refere	ences (s	ee continuation sheet
Scudder,	Framingham, M Townsend. Con		Town, Boston,	gin and a Sample	Record, Lakeview
10. G	eograph	ical Data			
	ominated property name <u>Concord</u> nces	35	_	Quadran	gle scale <u>1:25000</u>
Zone E	3 1 0 2 9 0	4 ₁ 7 0 ₁ 4 3 ₁ 7 ₁ 0 orthing 1 ₁ 7 0 3 8 1 0 1 ₁ 7 0 4 4 0 0	B 1 1 5 Zon D 1 1 5 F 1 1	e Easting	4 ₁ 7 ₀₁ 3 ₈₁₀₁ 3 Northing 4 ₁ 7 ₀₁ 4 ₁ 3 ₁ 0
See	attached maps.	and justification The nominated a ip of Markey Rea	acreage compr	ises two of thr Parcel 4286, o	ee parcels of land n which the
List all stat	es and counties	for properties over	lapping state or	county boundarie	5
state NA		code	county	8	code
state		code	county		code
11. F	orm Prep	ared By			
name/title	Wendy Frontier	o, Preservation	Planner, wit	h Mrs. Anna M.	Phalon, Concord
organization	Massachusett	s Historical Con	mmission	date March 24,	1982
street & numi	ber 294 Washi	ngton Street		telephone (617)	727-8470
city or town	Boston			state MA.	
	tate Hist	oric Pres	ervation		ertification
The evaluated	d significance of thi	s property within the	state is:		
665), I hereby according to	nominate this prop	erty for inclusion in the cedures set forth by the	he National Regis	ter and certify that it I	ct of 1966 (Public Law 89- nas been evaluated on Service.
title Exec	utive Director	, Massachusetts	Historical (Commission date	5/28/82
, Tome	certify that this pro	operty is included in t	he National Regis	ter date	11/21/82
	ne National Register			-22	
Attest: Chief of Reg	jistration			date	

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS use only received UN - 7-1982-date entered

EXP. 12.

Continuation sheet

Wheeler-Merriam House

Item number

9

Page 1

Wheeler, Ruth R. Concord, Climate for Freedom. Printing and Publishing Production Associates, Yarmouthport, MA, 1967.
Wolcott, Charles H. Notes on Land and Roads in Concord.

Old Concord Town Records, Vol. I, II, III
Wills, Deeds, etc. from Middlesex County Courthouse.

NPS Form 10-900-a (7-81)

United States Department of the InteriorNational Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For NPS was only received date entered

Continuation sheet

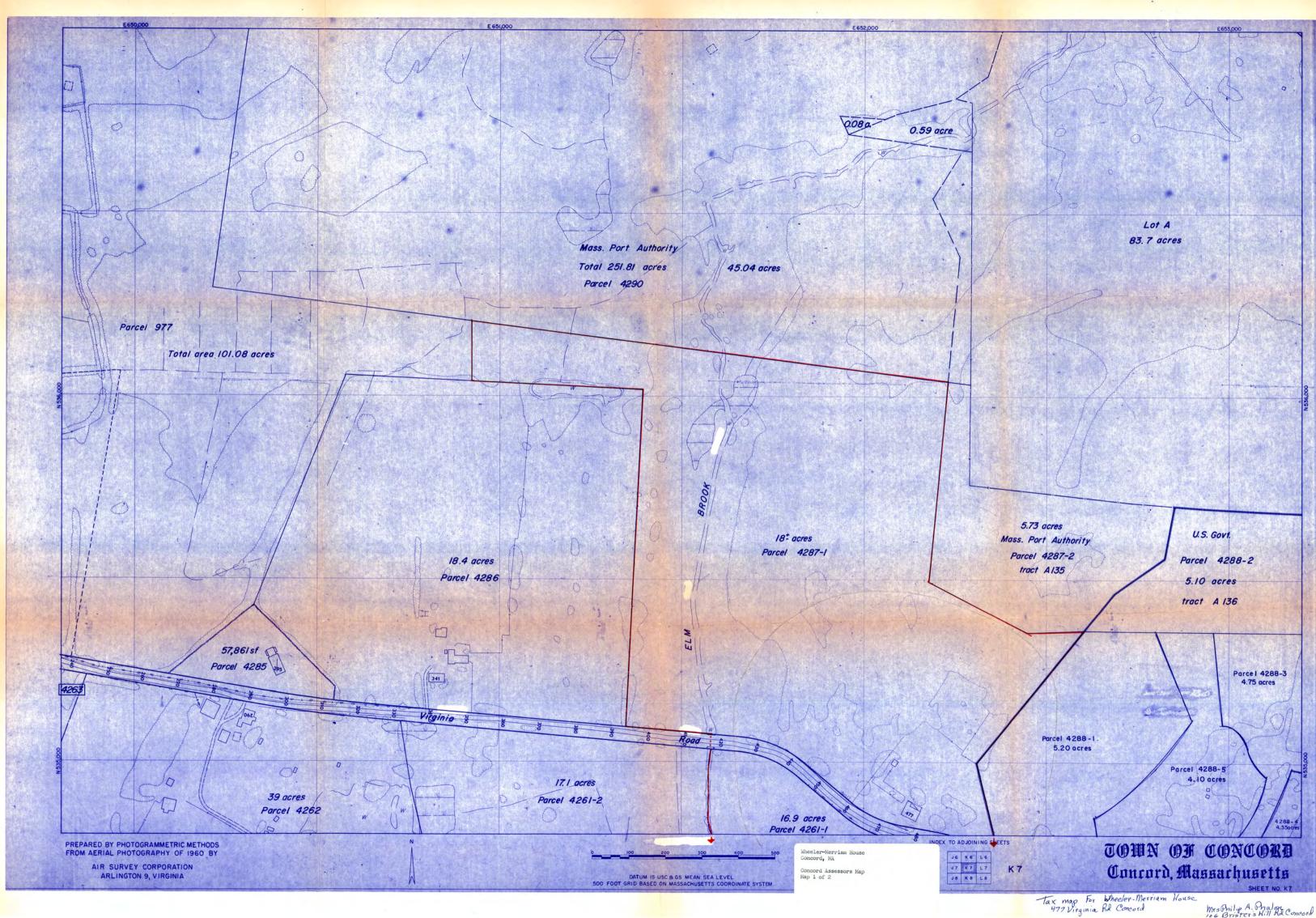
Wheeler-Merriam House Item number

10

Page

house is located, contains 18.4 acres; the barn stands on Parcel 4261-1, containing 16.9 acres. The third parcel, 4261-2, is adjacent to the latter parcel and contains no historically significant structures on its 17.1 acres. The Wheeler-Merriam House originally stood on twelve acres of land, yet the associated acreage has fluctuated vastly over the years, as fortunes increased and declined and as use changed from farming to dairying to the present riding stable. The nominated acreage was thus chosen to include only the land directly connected to major extant structures and reflects present lot division.









1. Looking northeast. (Photographer: Robert Watt, 1981)



2. View northwest. (Photographer: Robert Watt, July 1980)